Electoral participation is a cornerstone of our representative democracy. The vote allows citizens to participate freely and fairly in the political process and ensures that elected officials stay accountable to their constituents.

Yet in Oklahoma we are seeing growing signs of the breakdown of electoral participation. For example:

- In this year’s midterm elections, less than 30 percent of eligible voters made it to the polls to cast a ballot for Governor and other offices. This was the lowest turnout in at least 50 years and perhaps in state history.
- In 65 of 101 seats for the state House of Representatives, the winner was decided without voters casting a ballot in the general election.
- In primary runoff elections this fall, average turnout was 18 percent, and for the two statewide Democratic runoff contests, barely one in ten registered party members cast a ballot.
- In the 2012 November Presidential election Oklahoma’s voter turnout was just 52.4 percent, third worst in the nation.
- Only 66 percent of voting-age citizens in Oklahoma are even registered to vote, the nation’s eighth lowest registration rate.

It hasn’t always been like this. As late as 2004, Oklahoma’s voter registration rate and turnout rate remained on a par with or just above the national average.

Many voices have lamented Oklahoma’s declining electoral participation, but often the only solution offered is to urge our friends, neighbors, and colleagues to be better citizens. But in reality, the electoral rules and practices established by Oklahoma’s state lawmakers and officials are part of the reason why electoral participation is so low. And there are many reforms Oklahoma could adopt that would help repair of broken democracy by boosting voter turnout and electoral competition.
SUMMARY OF OPTIONS FOR BOOSTING ELECTORAL PARTICIPATION

Each of these reforms has the potential to create a better informed and more engaged electorate. Most importantly, policymakers and opinion leaders should acknowledge the serious problem of declining political participation in Oklahoma. Unless we can find a way to reinvigorate our democracy, we will have little chance of solving the great challenges we face as a state.

Make Voters More Informed

Publish and distribute voter information pamphlets

Make Voting Easier

Allow for online voter registration
Allow same-day voter registration
Extend early voting period
Allow for permanent absentee-ballot status
Adopt all-mail elections
Eliminate voter ID requirements
Allow post-incarceration felony offenders to vote

Make elections more competitive

Ease the requirements for allowing political parties and presidential candidates to get on the ballot
Open up primary elections to independent voters
Lower the signature threshold for initiative petitions

Reform the Electoral System

Adopt an instant run-off, or single-transferable ballot, for primary elections
Adopt multi-member districts elected by proportional representation
Adopt the National Popular Vote for presidential elections

Limit the role of money

Adopt public funding of elections

Download the full issue brief at www.okpolicy.org/brokendemocracy.